Einfach. Sicher.

**DECLARATION OF PERFORMANCE**

**DoP: 0171**

for Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 (System for post installed rebar connection with mortar) – **EN**

1. Unique identification code of the product-type: **DoP: 0171**

2. Intended use/es: **Post-installed rebar connection in non-carbonated concrete C20/25 to C35/45 according to EN 206-1:2000**

3. Manufacturer: **Upat Vertriebs GmbH, Bebelstraße 11, 79108 Freiburg im Breisgau, Germany**

4. Authorised representative: **--**

5. System/s of AVCP: **1**

6. European Assessment Document: **EAD 330087-00-0601**

   European Technical Assessment: **ETA-18/0973; 2019-03-22**

   Technical Assessment Body: **DIBt**

   Notified body/ies: **1343 – MPA Darmstadt**

7. Declared performance/s:

**Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)**

- **Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading**
  - **Bond strength of post-installed rebar: See appendix, especially Annex C 1**
  - **Reduction factor: See appendix, especially Annex C 1**
  - **Amplification factor for minimum anchorage length: See appendix, especially Annex C 1**

**Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)**

- **Reaction to fire: Class (A1)**
- **Resistance to fire**
  - **Bond strength at increased temperature: NPD**

8. Appropriate Technical Documentation and/or Specific Technical Documentation: ---

The performance of the product identified above is in conformity with the set of declared performance/s. This declaration of performance is issued, in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer identified above.

Signed for and on behalf of the manufacturer by:

Thilo Pregartner, Dr.-Ing.

ppa.

Wolfgang Hengesbach, Dipl.-Ing., Dipl.-Wirtsch.-Ing.

i. V.

Tumlingen, 2019-09-02

- This DoP has been prepared in different languages. In case there is a dispute on the interpretation the english version shall always prevail.
- The Appendix includes voluntary and complementary information in English language exceeding the (language-neutrally specified) legal requirements.

**Specific Part**

## 1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter $\phi$ from 10 to 25 mm according to Annex A and injection mortar UPM 33 or UPM 33 Relax are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

## 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connection of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

## 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

| Essential characteristic | Performance |
|---|---|
| Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading | See Annex C 1 |

### 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

| Essential characteristic | Performance |
|---|---|
| Reaction to fire | Class A1 |
| Resistance to fire | No performance assessed |

## 4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system(s) to be applied is (are): 1

**5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document**

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

## Installed condition and examples of use

**Figure A1.1:**
Overlap joint with existing reinforcement for rebar connections of slabs and beams

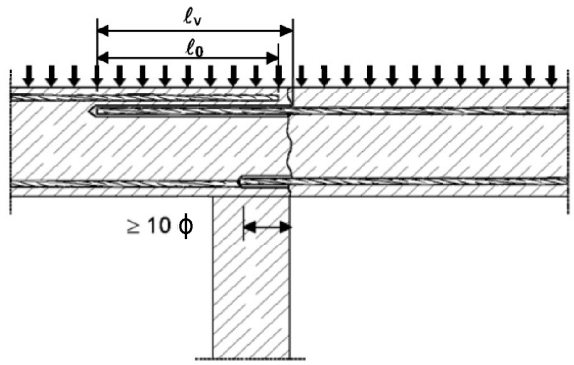



**Figure A1.2:**
Overlap joint with existing reinforcement at a foundation of a column or wall where the rebars are stressed

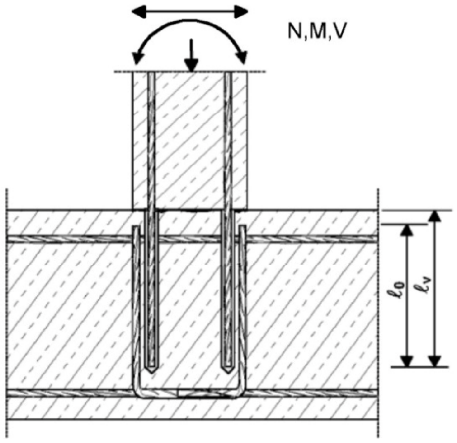



**Figure A1.3:**
End anchoring of slabs of beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)

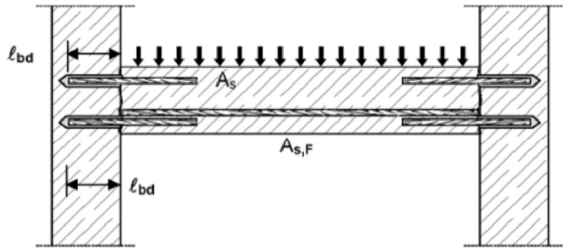



**Figure A1.4:**
Rebar connection for stressed primarily in compression

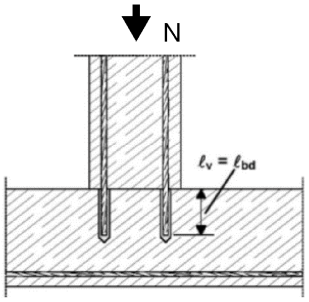
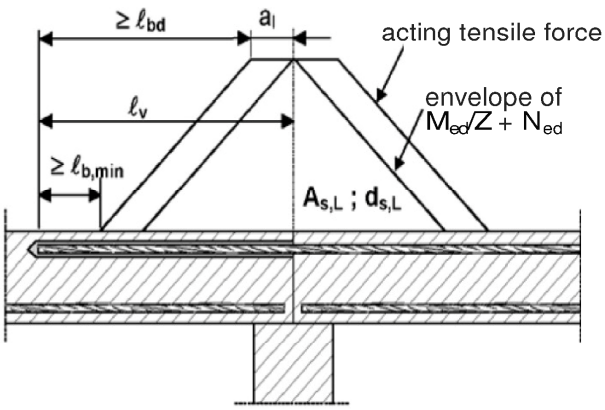



**Figure A1.5:**
Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the enveloped line of acting tensile force in the bending member




Note to **figure A1.1** to **A1.5**

In the figures no traverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1: 2004+AC:2010.

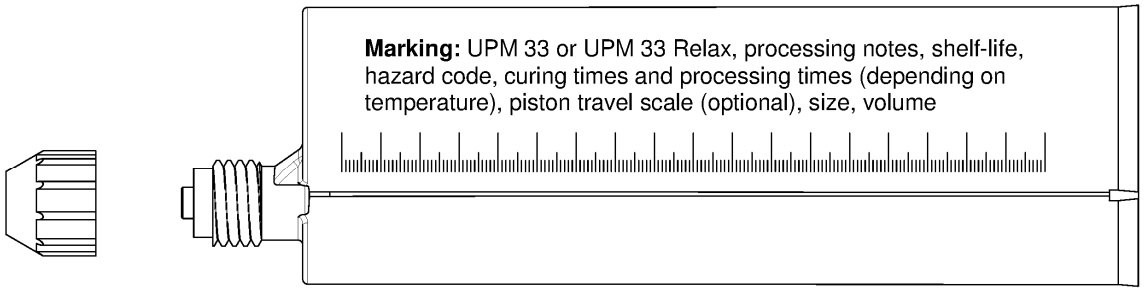
Preparing of joints according to **Annex B 2**

Figures not to scale

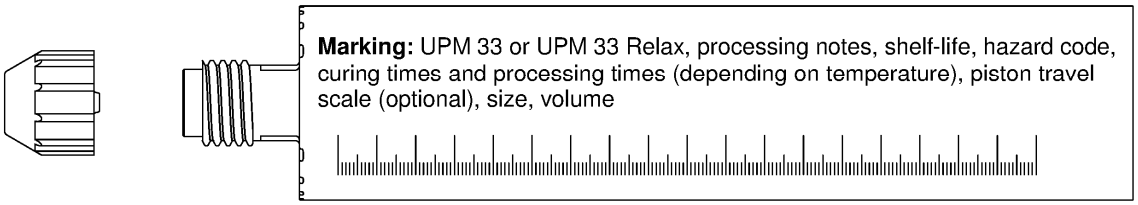
| | |
|---|---|
| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex A 1** |
| **Product description**<br>Installed condition and examples of use for rebars | |

## Overview system components

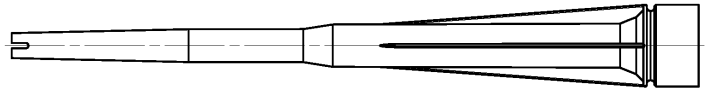
**Injection cartridge (shuttle cartridge) UPM 33 with sealing cap**
Size: 360 ml, 390 ml, 585 ml, 950 ml, 1500 ml



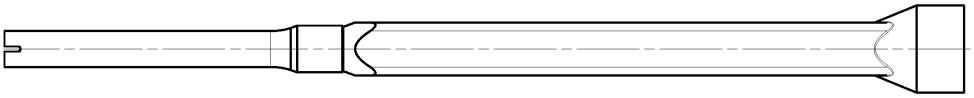

**Injection cartridge (coaxial cartridge) UPM 33 with sealing cap**
Size: 300 ml, 380 ml, 400 ml, 410 ml




**Static mixer Upat MR Plus for injection cartridges from 300 ml to 410 ml**

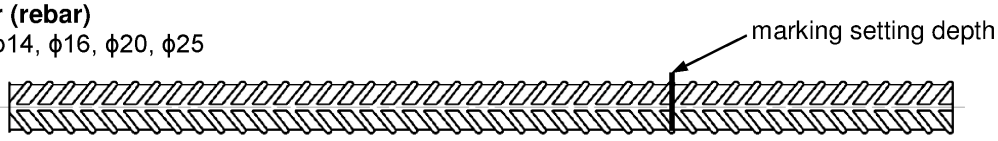


**Static mixer Upat UMR for injection cartridges from 585 ml to 1500 ml**



**Injection adapter and extension tube Ø 9 for static mixer Upat MR Plus or extension tube Ø 15 for static mixer Upat UMR**

**Reinforcing bar (rebar)**
Size: ϕ10, ϕ12, ϕ14, ϕ16, ϕ20, ϕ25




**Blow-out pump ABP**

Figures not to scale

| | |
|---|---|
| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex A 2** |
| **Product description**<br>Overview system components;<br>Injection mortar; reinforcing bar | |

## Properties of reinforcing bars (rebar)

**Figure A3.1:**

- The minimum value of related rip area $f_{R,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- The maximum outer rebar diameter over the rips shall be:
  - The nominal diameter of the rip $\phi + 2 * h$ ($h \leq 0{,}07 * \phi$)
  - ($\phi$: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: rip height of the bar)

## Table A3.1: Materials of rebars

| **Designation** | **Reinforcing bar (rebar)** |
|---|---|
| Reinforcing bar<br>EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C | Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C with<br>$f_{yk}$ and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA<br>$f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$ |

| | |
|---|---|
| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex A 3** |
| **Product description**<br>Properties and materials of rebars | |

## Specifications of intended use

**Anchorages subject to:**

- Static and quasi-static loads

**Base materials:**

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206-1:2000
- Strength classes C20/25 to C35/45 according to EN 206-1:2000
- Maximum chloride concrete of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1:2000
- Non-carbonated concrete
  Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of $\phi$ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.
  The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1 :2004+AC:2010. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

**Temperature Range:**

- -40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C)

**Design:**

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B 2.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

**Installation:**

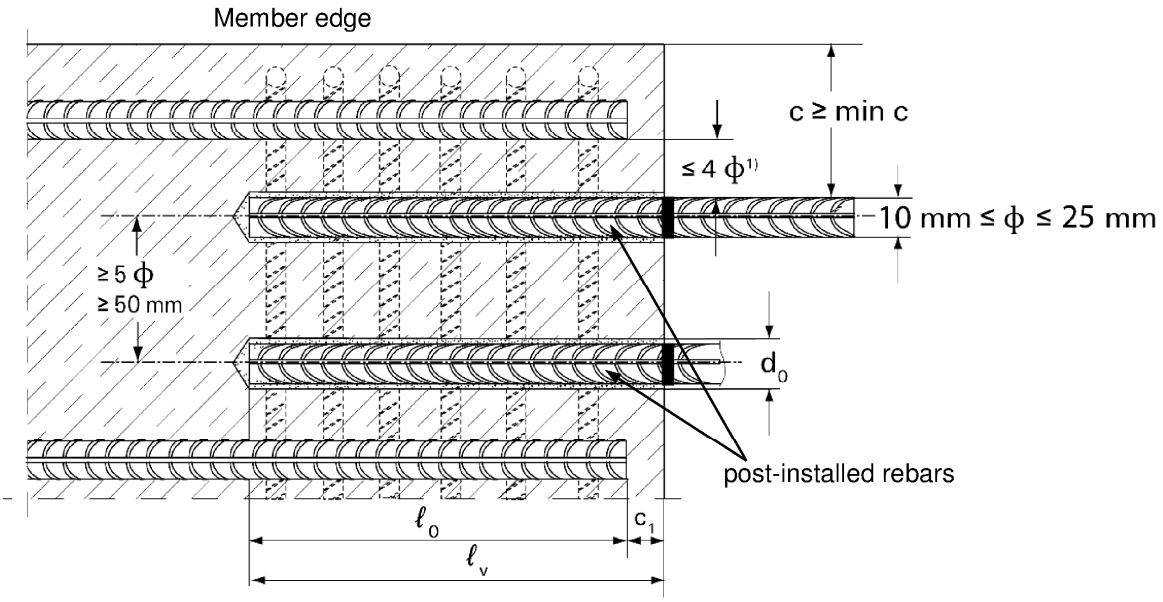
- Dry or wet concrete
- It must not be installed in flooded holes
- Hole drilling by hammerdrill or compressed air drill mode
- Overhead installation allowed
- The installation of post-installed rebar shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under Supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for Supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint)

| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex B 1** |
|---|---|
| **Intended use**<br>Specifications | |

## General construction rules for post-installed rebars

**Figure B2.1:**

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude



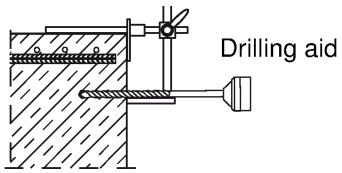

[1] If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4 ϕ then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4 ϕ

| | |
|---|---|
| c | concrete cover of post-installed rebar |
| $c_1$ | concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar |
| min c | minimum concrete cover according to table B3.1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2 |
| ϕ | nominal diameter of the bar |
| $\ell_0$ | lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3 |
| $\ell_v$ | effective embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_1$ |
| $d_0$ | nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 4 |

Figures not to scale

| | |
|---|---|
| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex B 2** |
| **Intended use**<br>General construction rules for post-installed rebars | |

**Table B3.1:** Minimum concrete cover min c[1] depending of the drilling method and the drilling tolerance




| Drilling method | Nominal diameter of the bar $\phi$ [mm] | Minimum concrete cover min c | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | Without drilling aid [mm] | With drilling aid [mm] |
| Hammer drilling | ≤ 20 | 30 mm + 0,06 $\ell_v$ | 30 mm + 0,02 $\ell_v \geq 2\ \phi$ |
| | ≥ 25 | 40 mm + 0,06 $\ell_v$ | 40 mm + 0,02 $\ell_v \geq 2\ \phi$ |
| Compressed air drilling | ≤ 20 | 50 mm + 0,08 $\ell_v$ | 50 mm + 0,02 $\ell_v$ |
| | ≥ 25 | 60 mm + 0,08 $\ell_v$ | 60 mm + 0,02 $\ell_v$ |

1) See Annex B2, Figure B2.1
Note: The minimum concrete cover as specified in EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed

**Table B3.2:** Dispensers and cartridge sizes corresponding to maximum embedment depth $\ell_{v,max}$

| Rebar | Manuel dispenser | Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) | pneumatic dispenser (great) |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Cartridge size | | |
| | < 500 ml | | > 500 ml |
| $\phi$ [mm] | $\ell_{v,max}$ / $\ell_{e,ges,max}$ [mm] | $\ell_{v,max}$ / $\ell_{e,ges,max}$ [mm] | |
| 10 | 1000 | 1000 | 1800 |
| 12 | | 1200 | |
| 14 | | | |
| 16 | | 1500 | |
| 20 | 700 | 1300 | |
| 25 | | 1000 | 2000 |

**Table B3.3:** Working times $t_{work}$ and curing times $t_{cure}$

| Temperature in the anchorage base [°C] | Maximum working times [1] $t_{work}$ [minutes] | | Minimum curing times [2] $t_{cure}$ [minutes] | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Upat UPM 33** | **Upat UPM 33 Relax** | **Upat UPM 33** | **Upat UPM 33 Relax** |
| >±0 to +5 | 13 [3] | --- | 180 | 360 |
| >+5 to +10 | 9 [3] | 20 | 90 | 180 |
| >+10 to +20 | 5 | 10 | 60 | 120 |
| >+20 to +30 | 4 | 6 | 45 | 60 |
| >+30 to +40 | 2 [4] | 4 | 35 | 30 |

[1] Maximum time from the beginning of the injection to rebar setting and positioning
[2] For wet concrete the curing time must be doubled
[3] If the temperature in the concrete falls below 5°C the cartridge has to be warmed up to +15°C.
[4] If the temperature in the concrete exceeds 30 °C the cartridge has to be cooled down to +15°C up to 20°C

| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex B 3** |
|---|---|
| **Intended use**<br>Minimum concrete cover/ maximum embedment depth per dispenser and cartridge size / working times and curing times | |

**Table B4.1:** Installation tools for drilling and cleaning the bore hole and injection of the mortar

| Rebar ϕ [mm] | Drilling and cleaning | | | | | | | Injection | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Nominal drill bit diameter $d_0$ [mm] | | Diameter of cutting edge $d_{cut}$ [mm] | | Steel brush diameter $d_b$ [mm] | | Cleaning nozzle [mm] | Ø of extension tube [mm] | Injection adapter [colour] | |
| 10 | 12[1)] | 14[1)] | ≤ 12,5 | ≤ 14,5 | 12,5 | 15 | 11 | 9 | white | blue |
| 12 | 14[1)] | 16[1)] | ≤ 14,5 | ≤ 16,5 | 15 | 17 | 15 | | blue | red |
| 14 | 18 | | ≤ 18,50 | | 19 | | | 9 or 15 | yellow | |
| 16 | 20 | | ≤ 20,55 | | 25 | | 19 | | green | |
| 20 | 25 | | ≤ 25,55 | | 26,5 | | | | black | |
| 25 | 30 | | ≤ 30,55 | | 32 | | 28 | | grey | |

[1)] Both drill bit diameters can be used

Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33

**Intended use**
Installation tools for drilling and cleaning the bore hole and injection of the mortar

**Annex B 4**

## Safety regulations

Review the Material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use for proper and safe handling!

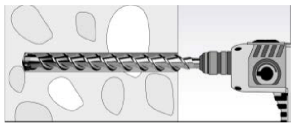
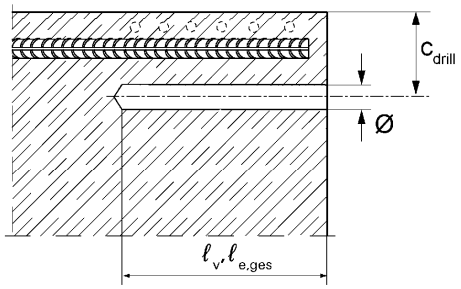
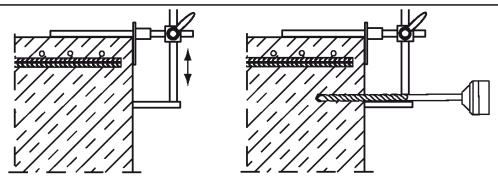
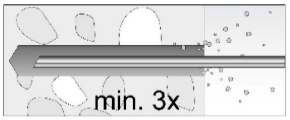
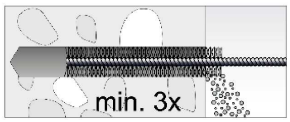
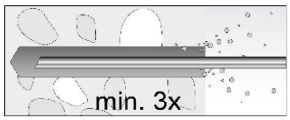
Wear well-fitting protective goggles and protective gloves when working with mortar Upat UPM 33

Important: Observe the instructions for use provided with each cartridge.

## Installation instruction part 1; Installation with UPM 33

Drilling and cleaning the hole

Note: Before drilling, remove carbonized concrete; clean contact areas (see Annex B 1)
In case of aborted drill hole the drill hole shall be filled with mortar.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 |  | Drill hole to the required embedment depth using a hammer-drill with carbide drill bit set in rotation hammer mode or a compressed air drill.<br>Drill bit sizes see table B4.1. |
| 2 |  | Measure and control concrete cover c<br>$c_{drill} = c + \phi / 2$<br>Drill parallel to surface edge and to existing rebar.<br>Where applicable use drilling aid. |
| |  | For holes $\ell_v$ > 20 cm use drilling aid.<br>Three different options can be considered:<br>A) drilling aid<br>B) Slat or spirit level<br>C) Visual check |
| 3 |  | **Blowing**<br>three times from the back of the hole with oil-free compressed air (min. 6 bar) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. |
| 4 |  | **Brushing (with power drill)**<br>three times with the specified brush size (brush diameter >: borehole diameter) by inserting the round steel brush to the back of the hole in a twisting motion. The brush shall produce natural resistance as it enters the anchor hole. If this is not the case, please use a new brush or a brush with a larger diameter.<br>For appropriate brushes see table B4.1 |
| 5 |  | **Blowing**<br>three times from the back of the hole with oil-free compressed air (min. 6 bar) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. |

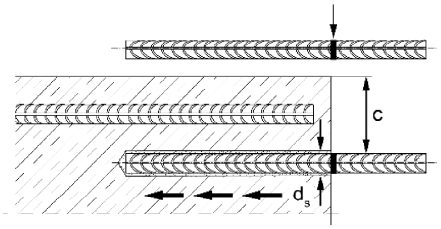
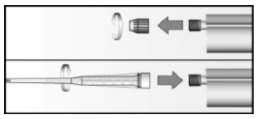
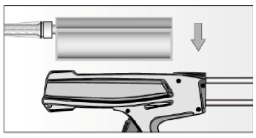
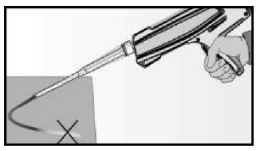
Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33

**Intended use**
Safety regulations; Installation instruction part 1

**Annex B 5**

**Installation instruction part 2; Installation with UPM 33**

Rebar preparation and cartridge preparation

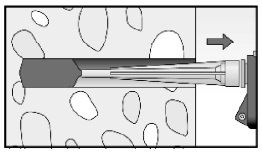
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **6** |  | Before use, make asure that the rebar is dry and free of oil or other residue.<br>Mark the embedment depth $\ell_v$ on the rebar (e.g. with tape)<br>Insert rebar in borehole, to verify hole and setting depth $\ell_v$ resp. $\ell_{e,ges}$ |
| **7** |  | Twist off the sealing cap<br>Twist on the static mixer (the spiral in the static mixer must be clearly visible). |
| **8** |  | Place the cartridge into a suitable dispenser. |
| **9** |  | Press out approximately 10 cm of mortar until the resin is permanently grey in colour. Mortar which is not grey in colour will not cure and must be disposed of. |

| | |
|---|---|
| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex B 6** |
| **Intended use**<br>Installation instruction part 2 | |

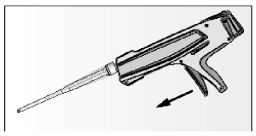
**Installation instruction part 3; Installation with UPM 33**

Injection of the mortar; borehole depth ≤ 250 mm

**10a**



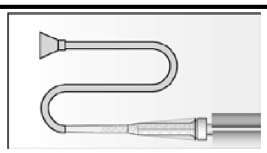
Inject the mortar from the back of the hole towards the front and slowly withdraw the mixing nozzle step by step after each trigger pull.
Fill holes approximately 2/3 full, or as required to ensure that the annular gap between the rebar and the concrete is completely filled with adhesive over the embedment length.



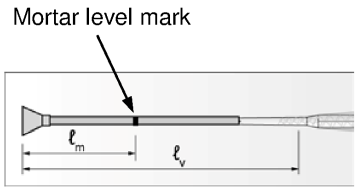
After injecting, depressurize the dispenser by pressing the release trigger. This will prevent further mortar discharge from the mixing nozzle.

Injection of the mortar; borehole depth > 250 mm

**10b**



Assemble mixing nozzle, extension tube and injection adapter (see table B 4.1)



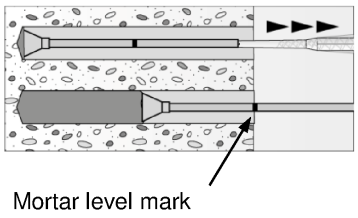

Mark the required mortar level $\ell_m$ and embedment depth $\ell_v$ resp. $\ell_{e,ges}$ with tape or marker on the injection extension tube.

a) Estimation:

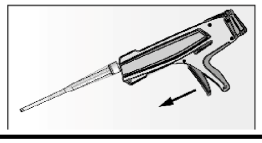
$$l_m = \frac{1}{3} * l_v \; resp. \; l_m = \frac{1}{3} * l_{e,ges}$$

b) Precise formula for optimum mortar volume:

$$l_m = l_v \; resp. \; l_{e,ges} \left( (1{,}2 * \frac{d_s^2}{d_0^2} - 0{,}2) \right) \text{[mm]}$$




Insert injection adapter to back of the hole. Begin injection allowing the pressure of the injected adhesive mortar to push the injection adapter towards the front of the hole.
Fill holes approximately 2/3 full, or as required to ensure that the annular gap between the rebar and the concrete is completely filled with adhesive over the embedment length.
When using an injection adapter continue injection until the mortar level mark $\ell_m$ becomes visible.
Maximum embedment depth see table B 3.2

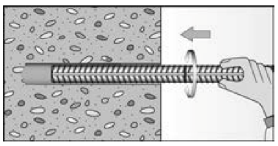
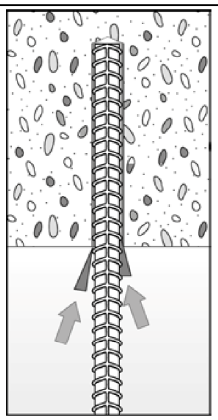
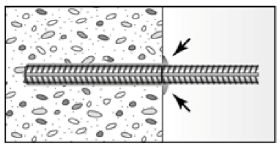


After injecting, depressurize the dispenser by pressing the release trigger. This will prevent further mortar discharge from the mixing nozzle.

| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex B 7** |
|---|---|
| **Intended use**<br>Installation instruction part 3 | |

**Installation instruction part 4; Installation with UPM 33**

Insert rebar

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **11** |  | For each installation insert the rebar slowly twisted into the borehole until the embedment mark is at the concrete surface level. |
| **12** |  | In case of overhead installation, support the rebar and secure it from falling till mortar started to harden, e.g. using wedges. |
| **13** |  | After installing the rebar the annular gap must be completely filled with mortar.<br><br>Proper installation<br>• Desired anchoring embedment is reached $\ell_v$: embedment mark at concrete surface.<br>• Excess mortar flows out of the borehole after the rebar has been fully inserted until the embedment mark. |
| **14** |  | Observe the working time "$t_{work}$" (see table B 3.3), which varies according to temperature of base material. Minor adjustments to the rebar position may be performed during the working time<br><br>Full load may be applied only after the curing time "$t_{cure}$" has elapsed (see table B 3.3) |

| | |
|---|---|
| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex B 8** |
| **Intended use**<br>Installation instruction part 4 | |

## Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length $\ell_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $\ell_{o,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ($\ell_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $\ell_{o,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by a amplification factor $\alpha_{lb}$ according to table C1.1

**Table C1.1:** Amplification factor $\alpha_{lb}$ related to concrete strength class and drilling method

| Concrete strength class | Drilling method | Amplification factor $\alpha_{lb}$ |
|---|---|---|
| C20/25 to C35/45 | Hammer drilling and compressed air drilling | 1,0 |

**Table C1.2:** Reduction factor $k_b$ for hammer drilling and compressed air drilling

| **Hammer drilling and compressed air drilling** | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Rebar ϕ** [mm] | **Reduction factor $k_b$** | | | |
| | Concrete strenght class | | | |
| | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 |
| 10 to 25 | 1,00 | 1,00 | 1,00 | 1,00 |

**Table C1.3:** Design values of the bond resistance $f_{bd,PIR}$ in N/mm² for hammer drilling and compressed air drilling and for good bond conditions

$$f_{bd,PIR} = k_b \cdot f_{bd}$$

$f_{bd}$: Design value of the bond stress in N/mm² considering the concrete strength classes and the rebar diameter according to EN 1992-1-1: 2004+AC:2010
(for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0,7)
$k_b$: Reduction factor according to table C1.2

| **Rebar ϕ** [mm] | **Bond resistance $f_{bd,PIR}$ [N/mm²]** | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Concrete strength class | | | |
| | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 |
| 10 to 25 | 2,3 | 2,7 | 3,0 | 3,4 |

| Rebar connection with Upat UPM 33 | **Annex C 1** |
|---|---|
| **Performances**<br>Amplification factor $\alpha_{lb}$, reduction factor $k_b$,<br>Design values of the bond resistance $f_{bd,PIR}$ | |