

DECLARATION OF PERFORMANCE



DoP: 0176

for fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I (Metal expansion fastener for use in autoclaved aerated concrete) - EN

- 1. Unique identification code of the product-type: DoP: 0176
- 2. Intended use/es: Post-installed fastening in cracked or uncracked reinforced slabs or masonry units made of autoclaved aerated concrete, see appendix, especially Annexes B 1 to B 5 and EAD 330014-00-0601 chapter 1.2.1
- 3. Manufacturer: fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG, Klaus-Fischer-Straße 1, 72178 Waldachtal, Germany
- 4. Authorised representative: --
- 5. System/s of AVCP: 1
- 6. European Assessment Document: EAD 330014-00-0601

European Technical Assessment: ETA-12/0456; 2019-07-19

Technical Assessment Body: DIBt

Notified body/ies: 1343 - MPA Darmstadt

7. Declared performance/s:

Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

- Resistance in any load direction without lever arm: See appendix, especially Annex C 1
- Resistance under shear load with lever arm: See appendix, especially Annex C 1
- Spacing, edge distance, member thickness: See appendix, especially Annexes B 3 to B 4
 - \circ s_{cr} = 4 h_{ef}
 - \circ c_{cr} = 2 h_{ef}
- Displacements: See appendix, especially Annex C 2
- Durability: See appendix, especially Annex B 1

Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

- Reaction to fire: Anchorages satisfy requirements for Class A 1, see appendix, especially Appendix 1
- Fire resistance in any load direction without lever arm: See appendix, especially Annex C 2
- Fire resistance under shear load with lever arm (M_{Rk,s,fi}): NPD
- Spacing, edge distance or fire resistance: See appendix, especially Annex C 2
- 8. Appropriate Technical Documentation and/or Specific Technical Documentation: ---

The performance of the product identified above is in conformity with the set of declared performance/s. This declaration of performance is issued, in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer identified above.

Signed for and on behalf of the manufacturer by:

Thilo Pregartner, Dr.-Ing.

ppa. The Mx

Wolfgang Hengesbach, Dipl.-Ing., Dipl.-Wirtsch.-Ing.

i. V. W. Myelal

Tumlingen, 2019-12-18

- This DoP has been prepared in different languages. In case there is a dispute on the interpretation the english version shall always prevail.
- The Appendix includes voluntary and complementary information in English language exceeding the (language-neutrally specified) legal requirements.

Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I is a deformation controlled expansion anchor made of galvanised steel. The anchor consists of an internal threaded socket, a cone bolt and an expansion sleeve. The anchor transfers loads into autoclaved aerated concrete via mechanical interlock.

The anchor is set into a predrilled bore hole and anchored with a hexagon installation tool until the installation tool is pushed out of the internal hexagon socket. The fixture is installed with a screw-in part (threaded rods or screw).

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchor of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Resistance in any load direction without lever arm	See Annex C 1
Resistance in any load direction with lever arm	See Annex C 1
Spacing, edge distance, member thickness	See Annex B 3 and B 4
Displacements	See Annex C 2
Durability	Durability is ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B are taken into account.

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

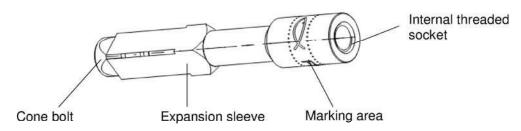
Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 2

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

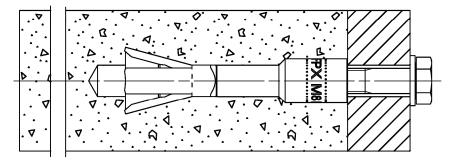
In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330014-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system(s) to be applied is (are): 1

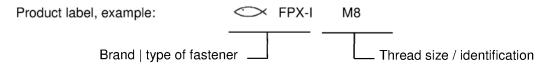
Product description



Product installed



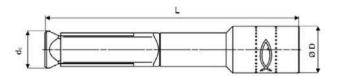
Product label



Product dimensions

Table A1.1: Dimension [mm]

Anchor type			FPX-I				
Internal thread			M6	M8	M10	M12	
Anchor length	L	=	75				
Diameter head internal threaded socket	ØD	=	14 16				
Diameter cone bolt	Ø d _c	=	11				



fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I	
Product description Description, label and dimension	Annex A 1

Specifications of intended use						
fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I	M6	M8	M10	M12		
Galvanized steel						
Static and quasi-static loads						
Cracked and uncracked Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC)						
Fire exposure in reinforced slabs according to EN 12602:2016 of			/			
strength class $f_{AAC} \ge 3.3 \text{ N/mm}^2$ with dry density $\rho_m \ge 0.50 \text{ kg/dm}^3$ and						
strength class $f_{AAC} \ge 4.4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ with dry density $\rho_m \ge 0.55 \text{ kg/dm}^3$						

Base material:

- Cracked reinforced slabs (uncracked slabs are included) according to EN 12602:2016 of strength class $f_{AAC} \ge 3.3 \text{ N/mm}^2$ with dry density $\rho_m \ge 0.50 \text{ kg/dm}^3$ and strength class $f_{AAC} \ge 4.4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ with dry density $\rho_m \ge 0.55 \text{ kg/dm}^3$
- Uncracked reinforced slabs according to EN 12602:2016 of strength class $f_{AAC} \ge 1,6 \text{ N/mm}^2$ with dry density $\rho_m \ge 0,25 \text{ kg/dm}^3$ and strength class $f_{AAC} \ge 6,0 \text{ N/mm}^2$ with dry density $\rho_m \ge 0,65 \text{ kg/dm}^3$
- Masonry units according to EN 771-4:2011+A1:2015 of strength class $f_{AAC} \ge 1,6$ N/mm² with dry density $\rho_m \ge 0,25$ kg/dm³ and strength class $f_{AAC} \ge 6,0$ N/mm² with dry density $\rho_m \ge 0,65$ kg/dm³
- The mortar strength class of the masonry has to be M 2,5 according to EN 998-2:2017 at minimum

Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

· Structures subject to dry internal conditions (FPX-I)

Design:

- Anchorages are to be designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete and masonry work
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are to be prepared taking account in the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is to be indicated on the design drawings
- · Design of fastenings according to TR 054, Design Method B.

Table B1.1: Material

Designation	FPX-I
Cone bolt 1)	Steel EN 10263:2018
Expansion sleeve 1)	Steel EN 10277:2018
Internal threaded bolt 1)	Steel EN 10277:2018
Screw-in-parts ^{1, 2)}	Minimum steel strength class 4.8, DIN EN ISO 898-1:2013

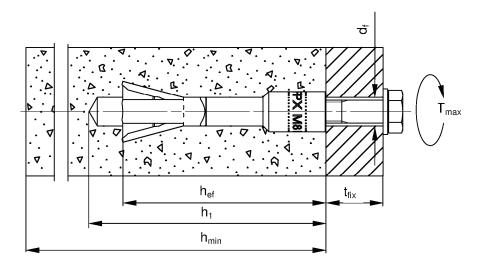
¹⁾ Galvanized according to EN ISO 4042:2018, \geq 5 µm

fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I	
Intended use Specifications	Annex B 1

²⁾ Screw-in parts (screws and threaded rods including nuts and washer) must comply with the specification in Annex C1.

Table B2.1: Installation paramete	rs								
Cino						FPX-I			
Size					М6	M8	M10	M12	
Nominal drill hole diameter		d ₀	=		10				
Maximum drill bit diameter		d _{cut}	<u> </u>	[10,45				
Double of drill hale to decreat recipt	with cleaning 1)	- h ₁		[mm]	80				
Depth of drill hole to deepest point -	without cleaning		≥		95				
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture		d _f	<u> </u>		7 9 12 14		14		
Effective embedment depth		h _{ef}	=		70				
Maximum fastening torque 2)		T _{max}		[Nm]	3				
Screw-in depth internal thread		$I_{s,min}$		[mm]	6	8	10	12	
Screw-in depth internal tirread		I _{s,max}		נייייון	15				

For member thickness h < 120 mm the drill hole shall be cleaned and the depth of the drill hole shall be reduced to 80 mm in order to avoid damage on the opposite side of the wall
 If the anchor cannot retain against the fixture no installation torque may be applied (T_{max} = 0 Nm)



Effective embedment depth h_{ef}

Thickness of fixture t_{fix}

Depth of drill hole to deepest point Minimum thickness of AAC member h_{min}

Maximum setting torque $T_{\text{max}} \\$

Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture

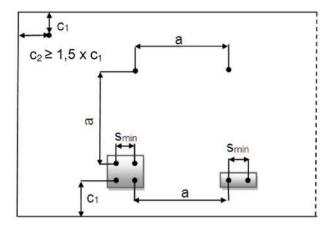
fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I	
Intended use Installation parameters	Annex B 2

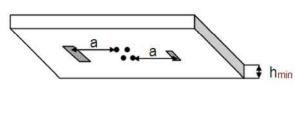
Table B3.1: Minimum member thickness, minimum spacing and edge distance in AAC - slabs

Sizo				FPX-I					
Size				М6	М8	M10	M12		
with cleaning 1)		h		100					
Minimum thickness of AAC - slab	without cleaning	— h _{min}		120					
Minimum spacing		S _{min}		100					
Minimum adda distance	single anchor ²⁾		[mm]	125 ⁵⁾					
Minimum edge distance	anchor groups 3)	– c₁		250					
Minimum edge distance, orthogonal to c₁		C ₂		1,5 x c ₁					
Minimum spacing between	single anchors	_			60	00			
Minimum spacing between	anchors groups 3) 4)	" а		750					

¹⁾ For member thickness h < 120 mm the drill dust has to be cleaned out of the hole and the depth of the drill hole has to be reduced to 80 mm in order to avoid damage on the opposite side of the slab

⁵⁾ The edge distance of reinforced slabs with a width ≤ 700 mm has to be ≥ 150 mm





fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I	
Intended use Minimum member thickness, minimum spacing and edge distance in AAC slabs	Annex B 3

²⁾ Maximum 2 single anchors in the same formation as anchor groups. For 2 single anchors with spacing smaller than 600 mm (s_{min} ≥ 100 mm) the same spacing in between and edge distances (a; c₁) like for the anchor group are valid

³⁾ For exclusive tension loads the spacing and edge distances for groups can be reduced to the spacing and edge distances of single anchors

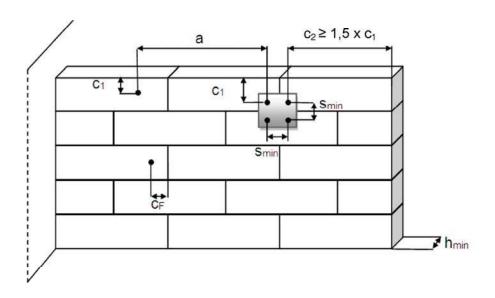
⁴⁾ If there is no (free) edge, or the edge distance is ≥ a, the spacing between anchor groups can be reduced to the spacing between single anchors

Table B4.1: Minimum member thickness, minimum spacing and edge distance in AAC - **masonry**

Sizo			FPX-I						
Size				М6	M8	M10	M12		
Minimum thickness of AAC - with cleaning 1)		h		100					
masonry	without cleaning h _{min}			120					
Minimum spacing	nimum spacing								
Minimum distance to non-filled joints, single anchor		C _F		0 ⁵⁾ / 75 ⁶⁾ / 125 ⁷⁾					
Minimum adag diatanas single anchor 2)		- 0	[mm]	125					
Minimum edge distance	anchor groups 3)	– с ₁	_	250					
Minimum edge distance, orthogonal to c₁		c_2		1,5 x c ₁					
Minimum spacing between	single anchors ²⁾			375					
Minimum spacing between	anchors groups 3) 4)	– a		750					

 $^{^{1)}}$ For member thickness h < 120 mm, the drill hole shall be cleaned and the depth of the drill hole shall be reduced to 80 mm in order to avoid damage on the opposite side of the wall

⁷⁾ c_F = c₁ for shear load or with a part of the load orthogonal to the joint which are not filled with mortar and a joint width ≥ 0 mm



fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I	
Intended use Minimum member thickness, minimum spacing and edge distance in AAC masonry	Annex B 4

²⁾ Maximum 2 single anchors in the same formation as the anchor groups. For 2 single anchors with spacing smaller than 375 mm (s_{min} ≥ 100 mm) the same spacing in between and edge distances (a; c₁) like for the anchor group are valid

For exclusive tension loads the spacing and edge distances of anchor groups can be reduced to the spacing and edge distances of single anchors

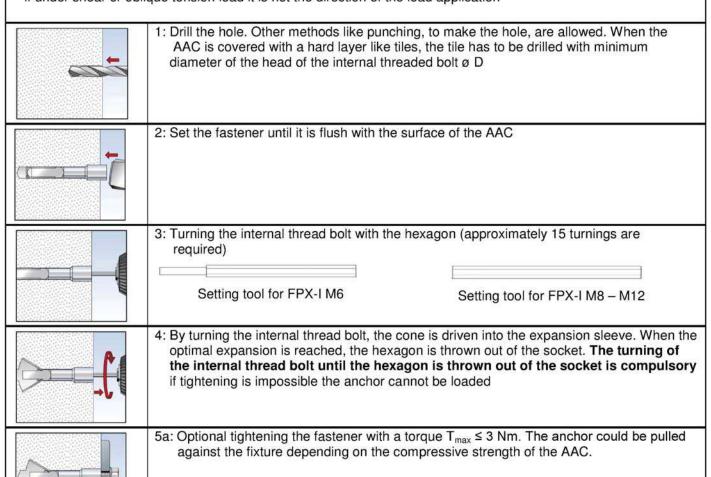
⁴⁾ If there is no edge, or the edge distance is ≥ a, the spacing between anchor groups can be reduced to the spacing between single anchors

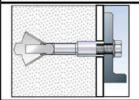
⁵⁾ For joints completely filled with mortar and a joint width ≤ 12 mm and a compressive strength according to EN 998-2 ≥ f_{AAC} AAC no distances to joints are required

⁶⁾ C_F for only tension and /or shear loads parallel to the joints which are not filled with mortar and a joint width ≤ 2 mm

Installation instruction

- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site
- · Use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of the anchor
- Checking before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the aircrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the aircrete to which the characteristic loads apply
- Drill hole created perpendicular +/- 5° to AAC surface, positioning without damaging the reinforcement
- In case of aborted hole: New drilling at a minimum distance away of twice the depth of the aborted hole or smaller distance if the aborted hole is filled with non-shrinkage, high strength mortar (pressure strength ≥ 30 N/mm²) and if under shear or oblique tension load it is not the direction of the load application





5b: If the anchor cannot support against the fixture (with cover layer) no installation torque may be applied $(T_{\text{max}} = 0)$

fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I	
Intended use Installation instructions	Annex B 5

0.		FP	X-I				
Size				М6	M8	M10	M12
Single anchor in AAC - slabs 1)							
Characteristic resistance in cracked AAC -	E [[k]] _	$f_{AAC} \ge 3,3, \ \rho_m$	≥ 0,50	1,5			
slabs		$f_{AAC} \ge 4,4, \ \rho_m$	≥ 0,55	2,0			
Characteristic resistance in uncracked AAC -	r _{Rk} [KIN]	F_{Rk} [kN] $\frac{f_{AAC} \ge 4,4, p_m \ge 0,50}{f_{AAC} \ge 3,3, p_m \ge 0,50}$			2	,0	
slabs	_	$f_{AAC} \ge 4,4, \rho_m$	≥ 0,55	3,0			
Partial safety factor for AAC - slabs			/MAAC 2)		1,	73	
Single anchor in AAC - masonry 1)							
3)	_	$f_{AAC} \ge 1.6, \rho_{m} \ge 0.25$		0,9			
Characteristic resistance in AAC - masonry 3)		$f_{AAC} \ge 2.0, \rho_{m} \ge 0.35$		1,2			
Intermediate values by linear interpolation	F _{Rk} [kN] —	$f_{AAC} \ge 4,0, \rho_m \ge 0,50$					
intermediate values by linear interpolation	_	$f_{AAC} \ge 6.0, \rho_{m} \ge 0.65$		4,0			
Partial safety factor for AAC - masonry			2,0				
Single anchor in AAC - slabs and AAC - ma	asonry 1)						
	O 898-1: 2013	- M _{Rk,s} [Nm] - -	4.8	6	15	30	52
Characteristic bending resistance with lever arm in combination with screw / ISC			5.8	8	19	37	65
threaded rod complying with:	090-1.2013		6.8	9	23	44	78
throaded roa comprying with.			8.8	12	30	60	105
Partial safety factor for steel failure			γ _{Ms}		1,	25	
Anchor groups in cracked and uncracked	AAC - slabs a	ind AAC - ma	sonry w	ith n = 2	2 to n = 4	anchors	s ³⁾
Characteristic resistance for $n = 2$, $n = 4^{4}$ $s_{min} \ge 100$ mm, $c_1 \ge 250$ mm s_1		F _{Rk,n} [kN]		2 x F _{Rk}			
Characteristic resistance for $n \ge 3$ $s_{min} \ge 140 \text{ mm}, c_{min, anchor group} \ge 700 \text{ mm}^{5)}$				n x F _{Rk}			
Characteristic resistance redundancy when the joints are not visible 5)		F _{Rk,n,Redundancy}			0,5 x		
Partial safety factor for AAC - slabs		γ	MAAC 2)			73	
Partial safety factor for AAC - masonry		γ	MAAC 2)		2	,0	

¹⁾ Maximum 2 single anchors in the same formation as the anchor groups. For 2 single anchors with spacing smaller than a $(s_{min} \ge 100 \text{ mm})$ the characteristic resistance of the anchor group is decisive

The characteristic strength class f_{AAC} [N/mm²] and the characteristic dry density ρ_m [kg/dm³] have to comply with EN 771-4:2011+A1:2015 for AAC - masonry and EN 12602:2016 for AAC - slabs

fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I	
Performances Characteristic resistance for all load directions	Annex C 1

⁽Smin 2 100 mm) the Griad Science of the Science o

Table C2.1: Characteristic resistance for each anchor under fire exposure for all load directions

Size			FPX-I					
			М6	М8	M10	M12		
Characteristic resistance for cracked slabs of strength class f _{AAC} ≥ 3,3, p _m ≥ 0,50	F _{Rk,fi}	R30			4			
		R60	- [kN] -	0,4				
		R90		0,3		0,4		
		R120		0,3				
Characteristic resistance	$F_{Rk,fi}$	R30		0,5				
for cracked slabs of strength class $f_{AAC} \ge 4,4$, $\rho_m \ge 0,55$		R60	- [kN] -	0,4 0,5		,5		
		R90		0,3		0,5		
		R120		0,3		,4		
Minimum spacing	linimum spacing s _{min,fi} [mm]		100					
Minimum edge distance	Cmin,fi		[mm]	$\begin{array}{c} c_{\text{min,fi}} = 140 \\ \text{for fire exposure from more than} \\ \text{one side } c_{\text{min,fi}} \geq 300 \text{ mm} \end{array}$		an		

It must be ensured that local spalling of the autoclaved aerated concrete cover does not occur.

Table C2.2: Displacement under tension loads, shear loads and oblique loads in AAC 1)

0:		FPX-I				
Size		М6	M8	M10	M12	
Displacement tension load in cracked AAC for all AAC strength classes	δ _{N0}	1,0 2,0				
Displacement tension load in uncracked AAC for all AAC strength classes	δ _{N0}					
Displacement shear load in cracked and uncracked AAC $f_{AAC} = 1,6 - \rho_m \ge 0,25^{2}$	$\frac{\delta_{V0}}{\delta_{V\infty}}$ [mm]	2,5 3,7				
Displacement shear load in cracked and uncracked AAC $f_{AAC} \ge 6.0 - \rho_m \ge 0.65^{2}$	δνο δν∞	5,0 7,3				

fischer aircrete anchor FPX-I	
Performances	Annex C 2
Characteristic resistance of a fixing point under fire exposure for all load directions Displacements under tension, shear loads and oblique loads	

 $^{^{1)}}$ Displacement at service load level F_{Rk}/ (γ_{MAAC} x 1,4) $^{2)}$ Intermediate values by linear interpolation, taking in account the AAC strength